

MEMPHIS APPEAL

GALLAWAY & KEATING.

BY

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VANCE ON HAYES'S

Veto of the Military Interference Bill—

A Plain Way of Putting the Facts

So that the Bayonet and Bul-

let-Loving Radicals Cannot

Escape Responsibility

For the Mischiefous Doctrine that

The Army is Necessary to Public

Liberty, and the Bayonet

and the Bullet are Es-

sential to Personal

Freedom.

In his speech in the United States senate

on Hayes's veto message, General Zebulon

Vance thus ridiculed that precious document:

To illustrate their absurdity, let us frame

them into the language of mathematical

propositions, thus:

Proposition First: The troops of the

United States are two hundred miles

away from the frontier, and could not be used

to control elections if they were wanted.

The troops could not be used if they were

here, as the law forbids it. I promise not to

use them.—The President.

Hence it is revolutionary and dangerous to

liberty and purity of elections to pass this

bill forbidding such use of the troops.

Corollary First: The necessity for troops

at the polls to secure fair elections is in

proportion to the square of the distance of

the present location, i. e., the greater the

distance the greater the necessity.

Corollary Second: The necessity for the

presence of troops at the polls is also in

proportion to the legal inability to use them

if they were present, and if the President is

determined not to use them at all to control

elections, the necessity becomes absolute.

Corollary Third: The necessity for troops

at the polls to secure fair elections is in

proportion to the square of the distance of

the present location, i. e., the greater the

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Corollary Fourth: The necessity for troops

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Corollary Fifth: The necessity for troops

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Corollary Eleventh: The necessity for troops

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COTTON.

Statements from the New Orleans and

Mobile Exchanges—The Crop, in Ex-

cellent Condition, Promises the

Best Results—Labor Abund-

ant and Working Well.

No Exodus Embarrassment After All the

Efforts of Certain Malignant North-

ern Republicans to Cripple the

South by Injuring its La-

bor System.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—The cotton ex-

change reports are as follows:

Louisiana.—From 36 parishes we have

received 90 reports, and the average

date of May 31st. Acreage, about the

same as last year; the weather has

been favorable and good, stands generally

secured, though the growth is re-

tarded by cool nights; the crop averages

about two weeks later than last year, but the

present condition is good; a few correspond-

ents complain of too much rain; 79

correspondents report good and

15 as unsettled; but few have left

Louisiana for Kansas; the exodus here seems

for the present to have subsided; no fertilizers

are used in the State.

Mississippi.—We have received 100 reports

from 31 counties; average date, May 31st.

The average acreage is the same as last year,

an increase in a number of small counties,

being fully offset by a decrease in Washing-

ton and Wilkinson counties; yet the

average is about the same as last year; the

weather has been more favorable than

last year; the crop is about the same as

last year; the condition is good; a

few correspondents report a small

exodus to Kansas; the exodus here seems

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Alabama.—We have 63 reports from 29

counties; average date, May 31st. The

average acreage is the same as last year,

an increase in a number of small counties,

being fully offset by a decrease in Washing-

ton and Wilkinson counties; yet the

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